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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/767,647	01/29/2004		Robert S. Taylor	2001-IP-003234U1P2	5394
Robert A. Kent	7590	05/24/2007	EXAMINER		
Halliburton En	ergy Servi	ces	BATES, ZAKIYA W		
2600 South 2nd Duncan, OK 73				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
J, 012 10000				3676	
				MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
				05/24/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/767,647	TAYLOR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Zakiya W. Bates	3676				
The MAILING DATE of this communication						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ron. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	01 May 2007.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
* *	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice und	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-83</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	ndrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-83</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) objected to I	by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	prrection is required if the drawing((s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	reign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	manta haya baan rasaiyad					
 Certified copies of the priority docur Certified copies of the priority docur 		anlication No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	·	· ·				
application from the International Bu	•	roserved in this reducine, etage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received.				
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The following Action is based on an RCE filed on 5/1/07 that broadened the claim limitations. Accordingly, the examiner has reconsidered all of the information disclosure statements filed in this application.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 58 and 60 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 58, line 1, the term --wherein the enhancer-- should be inserted after "method of claim 56" in order to clearly define what has the formula.

Claim 60, should be amended to depend from claim 59 in order to provide antecedent basis for "the proppant" and has been treated as such for examining purposes.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-23, 26/23, 27-32, and 35-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Smith et al. (US 5,807,812 cited by applicant).

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Smith et al. discloses, with respect to claims 1 and 42, a method of fracturing a portion of a subterranean formation comprising: providing a gelled liquid hydrocarbon fracturing fluid comprising a gelling agent that comprises a polyvalent metal salt of a phosphonic acid ester, and contacting the portion of the subterranean formation with the gelled liquid hydrocarbon fracturing fluid under conditions effective to create or enhance at least one fracture in the subterranean formation. With respect to the depending claims, the reference teaches the limitations as claimed. See the entire document, especially the abstract, col. 3, line 11 - col. 5, line 43, col. 6, line 23- col. 7, line 7, tables, and examples.

Double Patenting

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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6. Claim 49 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,511,944 (cited by applicant). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claim of the instant invention is merely a broadened for of the '944 patent claim, claiming a broader range of carbon atoms.

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7. Claims 1-83 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14, 38-45, and 50-68 of copending Application No. 10/409240. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because although the claims of 10/409240 may differ slightly in scope, the claims teach the exact hydrocarbons and gelling agents used in the same manner, and would render the present claims obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

8. Claims 1-83 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-74 of copending Application No. 10/839433. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because although the claims of 10/839433 may differ slightly in scope, the claims teach the exact hydrocarbons and gelling agents used in the same manner, and would render the present claims obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Although the claims of 10/839433 do not specifically teach the breakers or proppants of the present claims, the utility of such breakers and

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proppants are universally well known and necessary in fracturing fluids, and such would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zakiya W. Bates whose telephone number is (571) 272-7039. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM-5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Glessner can be reached on (571) 272-6843. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Zakiya W. Bates Primary Examiner Art Unit 3676

zb May 14, 2007